Protecting and Empowering Persons with Disabilities during the COVID Pandemic: *Responses Must be Disability Inclusive*

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1. Introduction

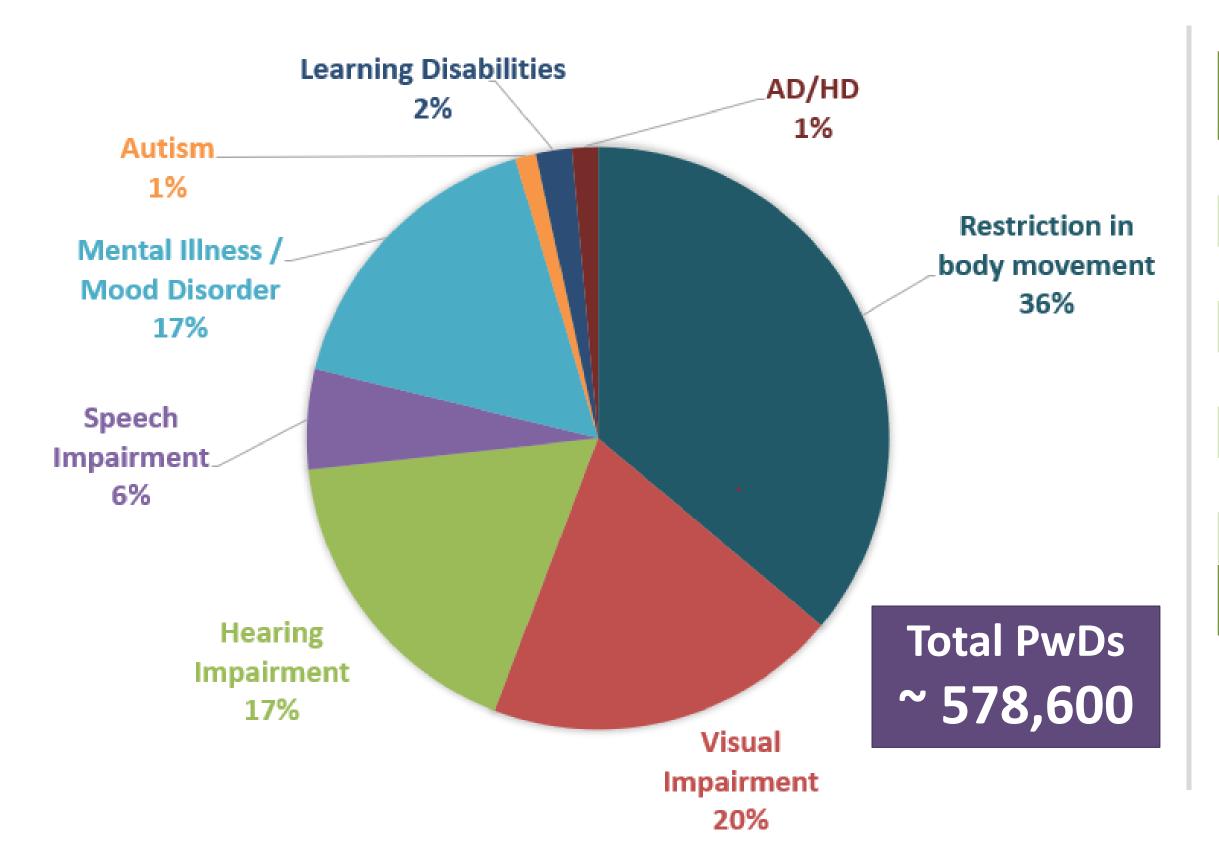
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2. Essential Needs

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1.1 Introduction



Selected Type of Disability

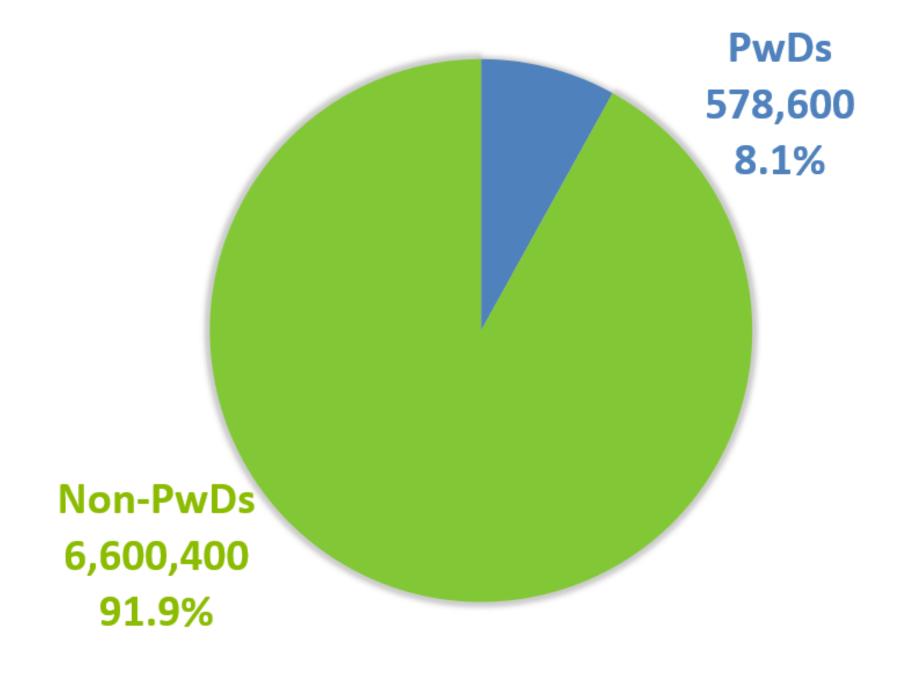
(by Census and Statistics Department, Report No. 62 in 2013)

Type of Disability	No. of Disabilities
Restriction in body movement	320,500
Visual impairment	174,800
Hearing impairment	155,200
Speech impairment	49,300
Mental illness/mood disorder	147,300
Autism	10,200
Learning disabilities	17,700
AD/HD	12,800
Total	887,800

(Single and Multiple Disabilities included)

1.2 Introduction

Proportion of Population (2013)



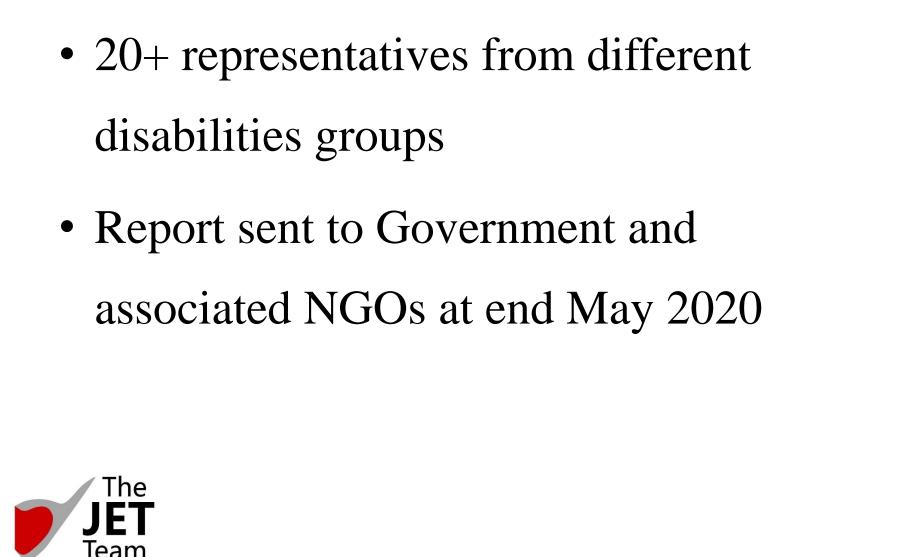
Profile of Persons with Disabilities (PwDs)

(by Census and Statistics Department, Report No. 62 in 2013) Proportion of population

2013	2020
Total Population	Total Population:
7.179 million	7.509 million 5% increase

Focus Group

Focus Group Meeting on COVID-19 on 24 April 2020









1.4 Disabilities of Participants in Focus Group

- Physical Disability
- Visual Disability
- Hearing Disability
- Rehabilitation Advisory
 Committee Representatives
- NGOs
- DPOs





COVID strategy must be





Disability Inclusive

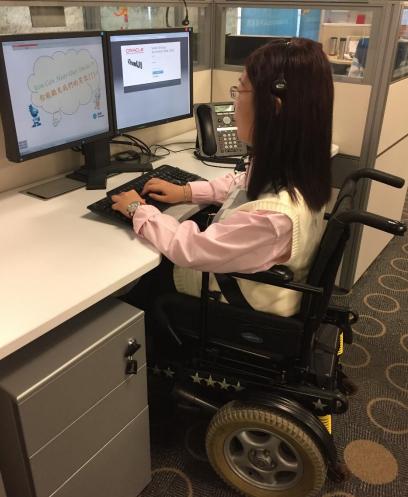
2. Essential Needs













- 2.1 Services
- 2.2 Daily Life
- 2.3 Quarantine Centers
- 2.4 Health Conditions
- 2.5 Environment Conditions
- 2.6 Information and Knowledge
- 2.7 Education and Training
- 2.8 Psychological and Social
- 2.9 Preconceptions
- 2.10 Caregivers

2. 1 Personal Essential Needs



- Home care, meal, and hygiene services may not be available
- Need review



2. 2 Daily Life Essentials

- PwDs have difficulty queuing up for long time
- Need priority for their essentials



2. 2 Daily Life Essentials

PWDs havedifficultyqueuing up forlong time

Need priorityfor theiressentials



Free delivery by NGOs in Hong Kong



2.3 Quarantine Centres



Quarantine centres are
 generally not
 physically accessible to
 PwDs

• Need universal design

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Accessible quarantine centre in Hong Kong

2.4 Health Conditions

• PwDs are vulnerable for infection

 Need special priorities for preventive measures





2.5 Environmental Conditions

- People with mobility impairment touch many items
- People with visual impairment rely on braille information
- Need to adopt extra precaution for infection control.





2. 6 Information and Knowledge

- PwDs may not have access to the Internet and ICT devices
- Cannot acquire latest information about available services







2.7 Education and Training Needs

- PwDs cannot switch to learning or working from home easily
- Need special training and support



2. 8 Psychological and Social Needs

• Social skills of PwDs may deteriorate after months of lockdown

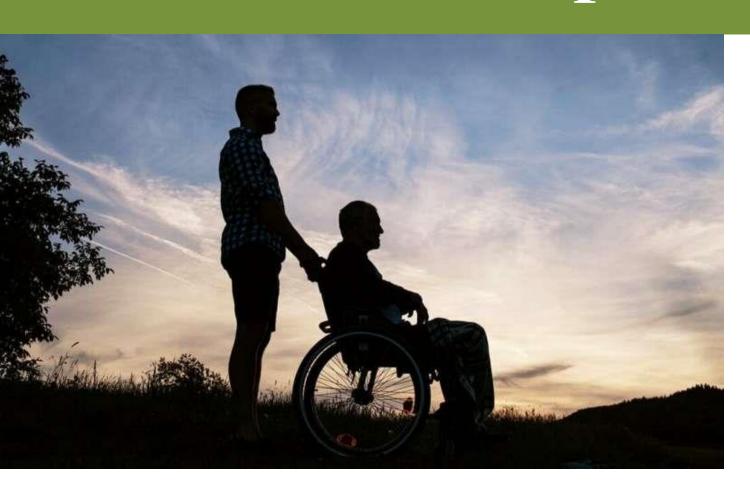


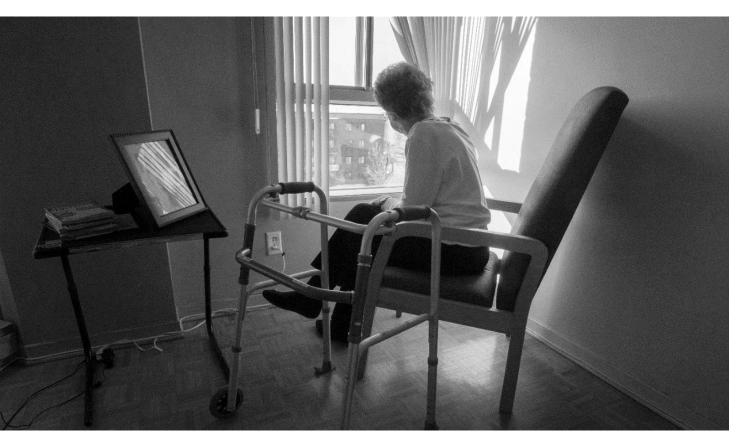


• Need reassessment and retraining.

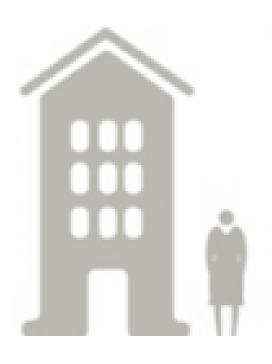


2.9 Preconception





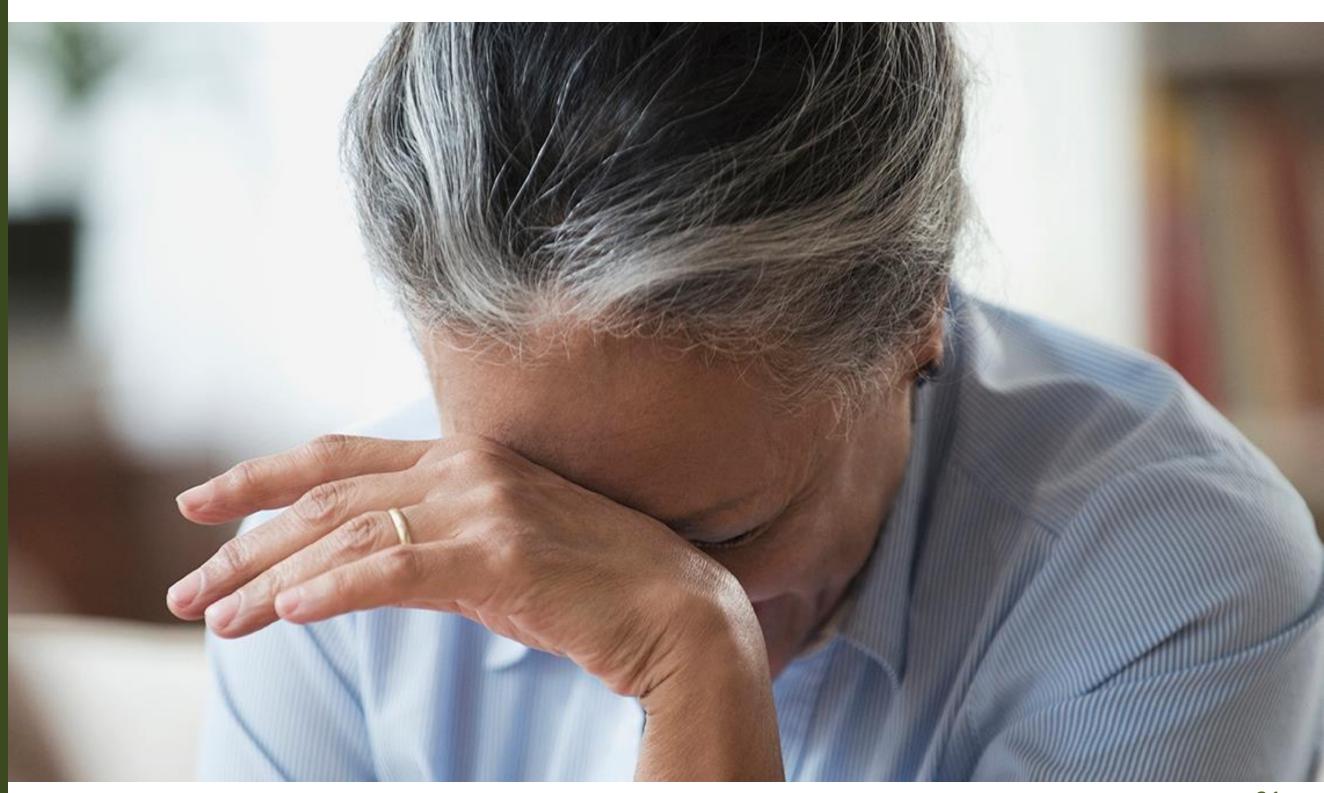
- Generally assumed that PwDs belong to some NGOs
- Non-members are isolated from essential service provisions and news



2. 10 Caregivers Needs

Caregivers have to
 compensate for the
 caring and rehabilitation
 work done by service
 providers

Psychological burden and burnout





Protecting and Empowering

Persons with Disabilities

during the COVID Pandemic





COVID strategy must be disability inclusive





Protecting and Empowering

Persons with Disabilities

during the COVID Pandemic

Inclusive as Users



Protecting and Empowering

Persons with Disabilities

during the COVID Pandemic

Inclusive
as
Decision
Makers

Thank you Arigatō gozaimasu



