## An L<sub>1</sub> Image Transform for Edge-Preserving Smoothing and Scene-Level Intrinsic Decomposition

**Supplemental Materials** 

Sai Bi Xiaoguang Han Yizhou Yu The University of Hong Kong **Piecewise Image Flattening** 



(a) Original images

(b) **Our method** 

(c) *L*<sub>2</sub>





(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]



Figure 1: Comparison of piecewise image flattening results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.

(d) Fast global [Min et al., 2014]



(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



(a) Original images

(b) **Our method** 



(g) Local Laplacian [Paris et al., 2011]



(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]

(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]

Figure 2: Comparison of piecewise image flattening results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.

(d) Fast global [Min et al., 2014]



(h) Diffusion map [Farbman et al., 2010]

(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



(a) Original images

(b) **Our method** 





(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]

(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]

Figure 3: Comparison of piecewise image flattening results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.

(d) Fast global [Min et al., 2014]



(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



(a) Original images

(b) **Our method** 



(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]

(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]

Figure 4: Comparison of piecewise image flattening results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.

(d) Fast global [Min et al., 2014]

(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]

Figure 5: Comparison of piecewise image flattening results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]

(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]

Figure 6: Comparison of piecewise image flattening results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]

(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]

(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]

Figure 7: Comparison of piecewise image flattening results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.

(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]







(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]

(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]

Figure 8: Comparison of piecewise image flattening results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.



(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



(a) Original images

(b) **Our method** 



(g) Local Laplacian [Paris et al., 2011]





(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]



(f)  $L_0$  smoothing [Xu et al., 2011]



(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]

(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]

Figure 9: Comparison of piecewise image flattening results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.

(d) Fast global [Min et al., 2014]



(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



(a) Original images

(b) **Our method** 





(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]

(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]

Figure 10: Comparison of piecewise image flattening results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.

(d) Fast global [Min et al., 2014]



(h) Diffusion map [Farbman et al., 2010]

(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



(a) Original images



(e) Tree filtering [Bao et al., 2014]



(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]



(b) **Our method** 



(f)  $L_0$  smoothing [Xu et al., 2011]



(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]



(c) *L*<sub>2</sub>



(g) Local Laplacian [Paris et al., 2011]



(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]



Figure 11: Comparison of piecewise image flattening results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.



(d) Fast global [Min et al., 2014]



(h) Diffusion map [Farbman et al., 2010]

(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]

Figure 12: Comparison of piecewise image flattening results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]

(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]

**Edge-Preserving Image Smoothing** 



(e) Tree filtering [Bao et al., 2014] (f)  $L_0$  smoothing [Xu et al., 2011] (g) Local Laplacian [Paris et al., 2011]

(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]

(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]

Figure 13: Comparison of edge-preserving image smoothing results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.



(h) Diffusion map [Farbman et al., 2010]



(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



(a) Original images

(b) **Our method** 







(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]

(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]

Figure 14: Comparison of edge-preserving image smoothing results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.

(d) Fast global [Min et al., 2014]

(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]

Figure 15: Comparison of edge-preserving image smoothing results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.

(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



(a) Original images



(e) Tree filtering [Bao et al., 2014]



(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]



(b) **Our method** 



(f)  $L_0$  smoothing [Xu et al., 2011]



(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]



(c) *L*<sub>2</sub>



(g) Local Laplacian [Paris et al., 2011] (h) Diff





Figure 16: Comparison of edge-preserving image smoothing results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.



(d) Fast global [Min et al., 2014]



(h) Diffusion map [Farbman et al., 2010]

(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



(a) Original images

(b) **Our method** 





(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]

(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]

Figure 17: Comparison of edge-preserving image smoothing results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.

(d) Fast global [Min et al., 2014]



(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



Figure 18: Comparison of edge-preserving image smoothing results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.

(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]









(f)  $L_0$  smoothing [Xu et al., 2011]



(g) Local Laplacian [Paris et al., 2011]



Figure 19: Comparison of edge-preserving image smoothing results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]

(e) Tree filtering [Bao et al., 2014]



(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]



(d) Fast global [Min et al., 2014]



(h) Diffusion map [Farbman et al., 2010]



(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



(a) Original images



(b) **Our method** 



(c) *L*<sub>2</sub>



(e) Tree filtering [Bao et al., 2014]



(f)  $L_0$  smoothing [Xu et al., 2011]



(g) Local Laplacian [Paris et al., 2011]



(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]



(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]

Figure 20: Comparison of edge-preserving image smoothing results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.



(d) Fast global [Min et al., 2014]



(h) Diffusion map [Farbman et al., 2010]



(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]



(a) Original images



(e) Tree filtering [Bao et al., 2014]



(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]



(b) **Our method** 



(f)  $L_0$  smoothing [Xu et al., 2011]



(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]



(c) *L*<sub>2</sub>



(g) Local Laplacian [Paris et al., 2011]



(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]



(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]

Figure 21: Comparison of edge-preserving image smoothing results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.



(d) Fast global [Min et al., 2014]





(a) Original images

(b) Our method



(i) Wavelets [Fattal, 2009]

(j) Multi-scale tone [Farbman et al., 2008]

(k) Bilateral [Tomasi, 1998]

Figure 22: Comparison of edge-preserving image smoothing results between our method and other state-of-the-art methods. The parameters used in our method have been listed in Section 5.1 of the paper. For other methods, we carefully adjusted their parameters to obtain the optimal results.

(d) Fast global [Min et al., 2014]

(l) Total variation [Rudin et al., 1992]

**Intrinsic Image Decomposition** 



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 25.5% (g) Color Retinex: 37.3% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 41.2% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 28.2% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 32.0% Figure 23: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(g) Color Retinex: 17.5% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 22.7% (f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 18.8% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 10.3% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 41.5% Figure 24: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 12.4% (g) Color Retinex: 14.9% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 10.4% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 27.6% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 29.8% Figure 25: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



Figure 26: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(e) [Zhao et al., 2012]: 19.2%



(j) Baseline Reflectance: 40.1% t methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 7.6% (g) Color Retinex: 25.0% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 23.5% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 32.5% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 38.2% Figure 27: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(g) Color Retinex: 13.4% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 19.9% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 19.2% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 12.3% (f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 14.3% Figure 28: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



Figure 29: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(e) [Zhao et al., 2012]: 14.6%



(j) Baseline Reflectance: 18.3% t methods.



(i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 17.8% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 22.5% (f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 27.1% (g) Color Retinex: 8.8% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 9.0% Figure 30: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 1.8% (g) Color Retinex: 27.6% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 26.9% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 26.6% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 32.5% Figure 31: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 19.2% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 4.1% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 6.1% (g) Color Retinex: 5.2% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 9.5% Figure 32: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.


(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 19.9% (g) Color Retinex: 22.6% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 27.0% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 23.2% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 41.4% Figure 33: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 13.3% (g) Color Retinex: 20.3% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 42.5% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 16.3% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 17.7% Figure 34: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 10.2% (g) Color Retinex: 0.6% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 10.6% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 12.0% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 23.2% Figure 35: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 12.0% (g) Color Retinex: 40.2% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 29.2% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 28.2% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 30.7% Figure 36: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 20.3% (g) Color Retinex: 29.0% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 28.5% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 28.5% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 34.2% Figure 37: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 22.4% (g) Color Retinex: 36.3% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 34.4% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 21.2% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 27.3% Figure 38: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 24.1% (g) Color Retinex: 19.5% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 19.5% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 34.7% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 45.9% Figure 39: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 13.6% (g) Color Retinex: 13.8% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 13.8% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 11.8% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 11.8% Figure 40: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 30.2% (g) Color Retinex: 37.8% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 40.3% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 40.8% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 37.8% Figure 41: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 13.9% (g) Color Retinex: 9.7% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 10.8% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 10.3% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 30.6% Figure 42: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 16.0% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 27.9% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 14.2% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 26.1% (g) Color Retinex: 24.9% Figure 43: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 19.8% (g) Color Retinex: 15.3% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 15.3% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 18.7% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 24.3% Figure 44: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 18.9% (g) Color Retinex: 16.4% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 14.0% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 50.1% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 49.6% Figure 45: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 28.0% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 20.4% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 19.8% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 28.3% (g) Color Retinex: 22.1% Figure 46: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



Figure 47: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(e) [Zhao et al., 2012]: 48.5%



(j) Baseline Reflectance: 58.7%



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 28.4% (g) Color Retinex: 10.3% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 14.5% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 8.0% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 21.2% Figure 48: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



Figure 49: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(e) [Zhao et al., 2012]: 23.5%



(j) Baseline Reflectance: 34.1% t methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 4.0% (g) Color Retinex: 6.2% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 10.7% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 12.9% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 11.0% Figure 50: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 11.3% (g) Color Retinex: 11.4% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 12.2% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 11.3% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 31.4% Figure 51: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(h) Grayscale Retinex: 10.4% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 17.7% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 16.9% (f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 11.3% (g) Color Retinex: 10.5% Figure 52: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(g) Color Retinex: 26.4% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 23.8% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 26.4% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 24.5% (f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 16.9% Figure 53: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 9.9% (g) Color Retinex: 32.0% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 28.9% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 18.1% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 31.7% Figure 54: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(g) Color Retinex: 26.8% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 29.7% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 33.6% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 43.1% (f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 28.4% Figure 55: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 40.7% (g) Color Retinex: 26.9% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 24.5% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 16.3% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 18.8% Figure 56: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(g) Color Retinex: 8.9% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 0.0% (f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 8.5% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 3.8% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 0.0% Figure 57: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 29.9% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 6.0% (g) Color Retinex: 7.8% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 22.7% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 26.8% Figure 58: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 8.7% (g) Color Retinex: 16.8% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 15.9% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 23.1% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 27.1% Figure 59: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 21.7% (g) Color Retinex: 18.3% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 20.7% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 23.0% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 29.1% Figure 60: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(g) Color Retinex: 16.3% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 17.3% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 9.6% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 48.2% (f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 9.6% Figure 61: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 12.5% (g) Color Retinex: 13.9% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 11.5% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 24.0% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 65.7% Figure 62: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 29.2% (g) Color Retinex: 21.5% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 25.8% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 29.4% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 52.1% Figure 63: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 26.4% (g) Color Retinex: 27.4% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 25.9% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 16.7% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 15.2% Figure 64: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



Figure 65: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(e) [Zhao et al., 2012]: 8.2%



(j) Baseline Reflectance: 21.9% t methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 42.7% (g) Color Retinex: 29.6% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 29.5% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 30.6% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 36.5% Figure 66: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 15.4% (g) Color Retinex: 36.4% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 36.2% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 37.0% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 49.2% Figure 67: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 40.9% (g) Color Retinex: 22.0% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 22.0% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 36.1% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 41.9% Figure 68: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.


Figure 69: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(e) [Zhao et al., 2012]: 29.9%



(j) Baseline Reflectance: 24.6% t methods.



Figure 70: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.



(e) [Zhao et al., 2012]: 10.0%



(j) Baseline Reflectance: 17.4% t methods.



(g) Color Retinex: 0.6% (h) Grayscale Retinex: 0.6% (i) [Bonneel et al., 2014]: 28.9% (j) Baseline Reflectance: 48.1% (f) [Garces et al., 2012]: 2.9% Figure 71: Comparison of intrinsic image decomposition between our method and other state-of-the-art methods.

## References

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